

Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier : JG00EQF INTERPON 600 RAL 3007 BLACK RED U1578-1

Product code : 8209708

Other means of : JG00EQF/25KG identification

Product type : Powder.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants

Supplier's details : Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA

1-610-372-3600

Validation date : 2-5-2018. Print date : 2-5-2018.

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Chemtrec 800-424-9300

Chemtrec (International) 703-527-3887 (outside the US collect calls accepted)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Causes serious eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause genetic defects.
Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.





Precautionary statements

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Do not breathe dust or mist. Contaminated work clothing

must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause

mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Product code : 8209708

Other means of identification

: JG00EQF/25KG

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione diiron trioxide	≤9.4 ≤5	2451-62-9 1309-37-1
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b]acridine-7,14-dione carbon black	≤2.7 ≤1	1047-16-1 1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get med

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eve contact : Causes serious eve damage.

Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage. : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b]acridine-7,14-dione carbon black	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid. [Powder.]

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : 450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)

Flammable limits : 20 - 70 g/m³
Odor : Odorless.

Relative density : 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]

: 5 to 20

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Minimum ignition energy

(mJ)

In operations where the powder is recovered for reuse, the average particle size may

change and this in turn can lead to an alteration in MIE.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition

(spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.65 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	188 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male	>3.1 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat Rat - Male, Female	>4.6 mg/l >8000 mg/kg	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
trione					

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
carbon black	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
carbon black	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

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Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

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General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or

prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized,

a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	3609.3 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11.34 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Acute EC50 29 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 >77 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >50000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC >1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC >10 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	28 days
carbon black	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >5600 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	0.5 % - 44 days	-	Activated sludge
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	-	3.2 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	-	-	Not readily
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-	-0.8	-	low
trione 5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione	2.2	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 5,12-dihydroguino[2,3-b]acridine-7,14-dione U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

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SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	≤9.4	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b]acridine- 7,14-dione	≤2.7	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
carbon black	≤1	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	
Form R - Reporting requirements	No SARA(Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act)	313 chemicals are present
Supplier notification	No SARA(Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act)	313 chemicals are present

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; ROUGE DUST; IRON OXIDE

DUST

New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; SULFURIC ACID, BARIUM

SALT (1:1); 1,3,5-TRIGLYCIDYL-s-TRIAZINETRIONE; 1,3,5-TRIAZINE-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-TRIONE, 1,3,5-TRIS(OXIRANYLMETHYL)-; IRON OXIDE; FERRIC OXIDE;

CARBON BLACK; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2)

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; IRON OXIDE; CARBON

BLACK; TITANIUM OXIDE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide carbon black				No. No.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

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Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : Not determined.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: Not determined.Philippines: Not determined.Republic of Korea: Not determined.Taiwan: Not determined.Turkey: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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2-5-2018. 14/15





Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

History

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revision

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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2-5-2018. *15/15*

