

# **Safety Data Sheet**

## 1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier	: JJ068QF 30-5467 RAL 5015 SKY BLUE U1	578-1
Product code	: 8133850	
Other means of identification	: JJ068QF/25KG	30-5467
Product type	: Powder.	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants

Supplier's details	: Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA
	1-610-372-3600
Validation date	: 2-5-2018.
Print date	: 2-5-2018.
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec 800-424-9300 Chemtrec (International) 703-527-3887 (outside the US collect calls accepted)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
	Causes serious eye damage.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	May cause genetic defects.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**





Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Do not breathe dust or mist. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	<ul> <li>Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.</li> </ul>

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Product code	:	8133850
Other means of	:	JJ068QF/25KG
identification		

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	≤5	2451-62-9
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	≤3	147-14-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation :	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of





inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.



#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.</li> <li>Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.</li> </ul>
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

 Small spill
 : Move containers from spill area. Use

I spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.





Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

- **Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is Advice on general
- Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatible** materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store **incompatibilities incompatibilities incompatibilities**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	None.





Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid. [Powder.]
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Flammable limits	:	20 - 70 g/m³
Odor	:	Odorless.
Relative density	:	1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	:	5 to 20





In operations where the powder is recovered for reuse, the average particle size may change and this in turn can lead to an alteration in MIE.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.65 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	188 mg/kg	-
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	LD50 Oral	Rabbit - Male	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32	Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	-	-
copper					

#### **Sensitization**





Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

## Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing





Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
	3786.7 mg/kg 13.09 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Acute EC50 29 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 >77 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-) -N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
• • • • • •	Acute EC50 >500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 years

2-5-2018.





#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test	0.5 % - 44 0	days	-		Activated sludge
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-) -N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	-	0 % - 28 da	ys	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-) -N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	-		-			Not readily Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)	-0.8	- <3.6	low
-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper			

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.





	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according** : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 5,12-dihydroquino[2,3-b]acridine-7,14-dione</li> <li>TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined</li> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 cop</li> </ul>	oper
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed	
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	on ingredients	
2-5-2018.		11/14







No products were found.

#### **SARA 304 RQ**

: Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3, ≤5 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name
Form R - Reporting requirements	No SARA(Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act) 313 chemicals are present
Supplier notification	No SARA(Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act) 313 chemicals are present
State regulations	
Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TIN DIOXIDE DUST</li> </ul>
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; SULFURIC ACID, BARIUM SALT (1:1); TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2); 1,3,5-TRIGLYCIDYL-s-TRIAZINETRIONE; 1,3,5-TRIAZINE-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-TRIONE, 1,3,5-TRIS (OXIRANYLMETHYL)-; COPPER compounds
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; TITANIUM OXIDE; COPPER COMPOUNDS

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed.

2-5-2018.





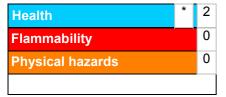
#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	Not determined.
Canada	Not determined.
China	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe :	Not determined.
Japan :	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia :	Not determined.
New Zealand	Not determined.
Philippines :	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	Not determined.
Turkey :	Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

2-5-2018.





Clas	sification	Justification		
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
History Date of printing	: 2-5-2018.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2-5-2018.			
Date of previous issue	: 5-5-2017.			
Version	: 4			
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Tra IBC = Intermediate Bulk Co IMDG = International Marit LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International C	actor ed System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ansport Association ontainer		
References	: Not available.	Not available.		

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



